Lime

Lime, hydrated Lime and slaked Lime are all common names for calcium hydroxide [Ca(OH)2].

It is used as a source of calcium and alkalinity in both water- and oil-base drilling fluids. Lime, a widely available commercial chemical, is an economical source of calcium (Ca2+) and hydroxyl ions (OH-).

Drilling fluid applications for Lime include: increasing pH; providing excess Lime as an alkalinity buffer; flocculating bentonite muds; removing soluble carbonate (CO3 2-) ions; controlling corrosion; and activating fatty-acid, oil-base mud additives.

CAUTION: Lime is a strong base and will form high pH (alkaline) solutions. See product handling information.

Typical Physical Properties

Physical appearance	White powder
Specific gravity	
pH (1% solution)	
Solubility @ 20° C (68° F)	
Bulk density	-

Applications

Lime is used as an economical source of calcium for flocculating bentonite slurries (spud mud) for improved hole cleaning. Since it is only slightly soluble in water, it is used to maintain an excess of insoluble Lime in a wide range of both waterand oilbase systems. Excess Lime buffers pH; provides a reserve quantity of calcium to precipitate soluble carbonates; and activates fatty-acid, oil-base additives. Lime is used for both calcium and pH control in gyp and Lime systems. An alkaline pH which is buffered by excess Lime will prevent acidic conditions from occurring which can lead to accelerated corrosion from acid gases. The solubility of Lime increases with increased salinity, but decreases with increased calcium, increased pH and increased temperature. Normal treatments for Lime depend on the system. The three levels of Lime concentration are often described as:

Low Lime: 1.43 - 5.7 kg/m3 (0.5 - 2.0 lb/bbl) Medium Lime: 5.7 - 14.3 kg/m3 (2.0 - 5.0 lb/bbl) High Lime: 14.3 - 43.0 kg/m3 (5.0 - 15.0 lb/bbl) Lime precipitates soluble carbonate ions as calcium carbonate (CaCO3) as follows: Ca(OH)2 + CO3 2- \rightarrow CaCO3 \checkmark + 2(OH-) (at pH >10.3) Lime (lb/bbl) = CO3 2- (mg/l) x 0.000432 x Fw Water-base: Excess Lime (lb/bbl) = 0.26 [Pm - (Fw x Pf)] Oil-base: Excess Lime (lb/bbl) = POM x 1.3 Where: Fw = Water fraction from retort analysis (% water/100)

This document is supplied solely for informational purposes and M-I LLC makes no guarantees or warranties, either expressed or implied, with respect to the accuracy and use of this data. All product warranties and guarantees shall be governed by the Standard Terms of Sale. Nothing in this document is legal advice or is a substitute for competent legal advice.

Eastern Hemisphere Gamle Forusvei 43 N-4033 Stavanger, Norway Phone: +47.51.57.73.00 Fax: 281.561.1441 Fax: +47.51.57.74.51

Western Hemisphere P.O. Box 42842 Houston, Texas 77242-2842 Phone: 281.561.1300 www.miswaco.slb.com



A Teniz Service M-I SWACO Enterprise

